

TET cum TRT

SA - Special Schools – English – 30-01-2019 (S1)

1. The present chairman of Steel Authority of India
 - ① Anil Kumar Choudhary
 2. Rajanikanth Mishra
 3. Ashok Gupta
 4. Pramod Bindal

2. The first practical IQ test was invented by
 - ① Alfred Binet, Theodore Simon
 2. Edward Teller
 3. Alfred Albert
 4. Mayer, Salovey

3. On this date, the day time and night time are approximately equal throughout the world
 - ① September, 23
 2. December, 22
 3. June, 21
 4. April, 11

4. The article in Indian constitution that deals with Union Territories is
 1. Part - II (Article 1-4)
 - ② Part - VIII (Article 239-241)
 3. Part - III (Article 12-35)
 4. Part - IVA (Article 51A)

5. 16th December is declared as
 1. Doctor's day
 2. Language day
 - ③ Nirbhaya Day
 4. All souls day

6. The first University established in India
 - ① University of Calcutta
 2. Delhi University
 3. Madras University
 4. Banaras Hindu University

7. India's National Aquatic Animal
 1. Crocodile
 - ② River Dolphin
 3. Catla Fish
 4. Green Frog

8. Andaman and Nicobar Islands are located at
- ① Bay of Bengal
 2. Indian Ocean
 3. Red Sea
 4. Arabian Sea
9. This state is known as India's spices garden
1. Karnataka
 2. Telangana
 3. Madhya Pradesh
 - ④ Kerala
10. The largest State that produces Soya Bean in India
- ① Madhya Pradesh
 2. Kerala
 3. Gujarat
 4. Goa
11. The historic trip to space was made by Rakesh Sarma in this space craft
1. Sputnik -7
 2. Appolo -11
 3. Progress-1
 - ④ Soyuz T-11

12. Arundhathi Roy was awarded 'Man Booker Prize' for her book titled
1. Last orders
 - ② The God of small things
 3. White Tiger
 4. The Ghost Road
13. The highest waterfall in India
- ① Kunchikal falls
 2. Jog Falls
 3. Kynrem falls
 4. Barehipani falls
14. The first Central Cabinet Minister for Education who was awarded with 'Bharat Ratna'
1. Morarji Desai
 2. Zakir Hussain
 - ③ Abul Kalam Azad
 4. J.P Narayan
15. Gitanjali, written by Rabindranath Tagore is a collection of
1. 101 poems
 2. 120 poems
 3. 184 poems
 - ④ 157 poems

16. This film has won the prestigious 'Golden Peacock' Award in 48th IFFI - 2017

- ①. 120 Beats per minute
2. Moonlight
3. The square
4. The salesman

17. Nobel prize awardees in Medicine for the year 2018

1. Emile Theodore, Kocher
2. Ronald, Ross
3. Niels Rybers, Finsen
- ④. James P Allison, Tasuku Honjo

18. The country that hosted 2018 Common Wealth Games is

1. Canada
2. England
- ③. Australia
4. India

19. The Indian Women athlete, known as 'Payyoli Express' is

1. Sunitha Rani
- ②. P.T. Usha
3. Sakshi Malik
4. Aswani Nachappa

20. The author of 'Dark Room' was
- ① RK Narayan
 2. VD Savarkar
 3. Annie Besant
 4. Amartya Sen
21. Professional ethics is the code of conduct and,
- ① self-regulation
 2. self-assessment
 3. self-rules
 4. self-awareness
22. Article-17 in the Indian Constitution is related to –
1. Fundamental duties of every citizen
 2. Number of seats in Rajya Sabha
 3. Hindi as official language
 - ④ Abolition of untouchability
23. Which of the following is described as Magna-Carta of Indian Education?
1. Sargent Commission
 - ② Wood's Despatch
 3. Macaulay Minutes
 4. Hunter Commission

24. As per the NCF-2005, which of the following is the theme of EVS?

1. Weather
2. Solar system
- ③. Shelter
4. Energy

25. University Grants Commission was constituted on the recommendation of:

- ①. Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Commission
2. Mudaliar Commission
3. Sargent Commission
4. Kothari Commission

26. Which of the following right was considered as “Heart and Soul” of the Indian Constitution developed by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar?

1. Freedom of Speech
2. Right to Equality
3. Right to Freedom of Religion
- ④. Right to Constitutional Remedies

27. The first Indian Education Commission is popularly known as

- ①. Hunter Commission
2. Sargent Commission
3. Mudaliar Commission
4. Sadler Commission

28. Which of the following was not included under ten core areas suggested by the NPE (1986) for curriculum?

1. Inculcation of scientific spirit
2. Equality of sex
- ③. Promotion of professional ethics
4. Small family norm

29. The social aims of education imply that

1. An individual can dream of his individual identity.
2. Individuals need not adhere to the democratic values of the society.
3. The state can aspire from the individual instead of giving.
- ④. The state has to give but not to take anything from the individual.

30. Rigid system of state-education is justified on the basis that, the state,

1. is supreme to dictate what shall be taught and how shall be taught.
2. has absolute control over the lives, and destinies of its individual members.
- ③. has a right and a bounded duty to mould the citizen to a pattern which makes for its own preservation and enhancement.
4. has better resources to manage education.

31. The hearing loss that occurs before acquisition of speech and language is known as
1. congenital hearing loss
 2. acquired hearing loss
 - ③. pre-lingual hearing loss
 4. post-lingual hearing loss
32. Non- verbal language includes
1. Whistle language
 2. speech
 3. oral-language
 - ④. signs
33. The results of pure-tone Audiometry are recorded in the form of graph is called as
1. Socio-gram
 - ②. Audio-gram
 3. Histogram
 4. Telegram
34. The people with this hearing loss are usually rely on lip-reading, gestures and other visual cues
1. Mild hearing loss
 2. Moderate hearing loss
 - ③. Profound hearing loss
 4. Severe hearing loss

35. The disease that affects the bony capsule of the inner ear is

- ①. Otosclerosis
2. Otitismedia
3. Atresia
4. Cholesteatoma

36. Profound emotional and behavioural disorder is

1. Mental Retardation
2. Hearing impairment
3. Cerebral palsy
- ④. Autism

37. Absence of external ear means

1. External Otitis
- ②. Atresia
3. Ceremum
4. Otosclerosis

38. The sounds in Ling's six sound test are

1. | a |, | u |, | p |, | s |, | l |, | m |
2. | u |, | p |, | m |, | s |, | r |, | l |
- ③. | a |, | i |, | u |, | s |, | sh |, | m |
4. | m |, | a |, | i |, | s |, | l |, | s |

39. The stage in which the Physical and mental developments of an individual reaches their peak and maturity stage
1. Early Adolescence
 - ②. Late Adolescence
 3. Late childhood
 4. Pre Adolescence
40. Sirisha is studying 8th class in a city she was forced to go to a village because of his father's transfer. She got herself adjusted to the conditions of the village. This adjustment is
1. Regression
 2. Repression
 3. Compensation
 - ④. Internalization

CONTENT

41. My austere father used to avoid all inessential comforts and luxuries.

Choose the correct synonym of the word, 'austere'

1. soft
2. abnormal
3. sad
- ④. strict

42. Choose the correct synonym of the word 'enormous'

1. protective
- ②. immense
3. separate
4. faithful

43. The food I took last night was noxious.

Choose the opposite word of 'noxious'.

1. tasteless
2. naught
3. nubile
- ④. wholesome

44. This is a place of tranquility.

Choose the word that is opposite in meaning to the word, 'tranquility'.

1. strangeness
- ② disturbance
3. softness
4. sociability

45. Praveen is a novice.

This means:

1. he walks in sleep.
2. he works for the welfare of woman.
3. he has unusual habits.
- ④ he is new in a field.

46. Malathi can't pay off her debts.

She is:

- ① an insolvent
2. an eccentric
3. a truant
4. a bellicose

47. Gopi tried to find a solution to the problems of his career.

Choose the phrasal verb that can replace the expression 'to find a solution'.

1. pick up
- ② figure out
3. hand out
4. keep on

48. His food habits eat away his liver.

Choose the meaning of the phrasal verb 'eat away' in the context.

1. depart suddenly
2. break into pieces
- ③ destroy slowly
4. improve health

49. a + moral = amoral

The meaning of the prefix 'a' is:

1. more than
2. beyond
- ③ lack of
4. between

50. Choose the suffix that can be used to make a noun.

- ①. - ee
- 2. - able
- 3. - ful
- 4. - ize

51. Choose the wrong collocation among the following.

- 1. biodegradable paper
- ②. biodegradable skills
- 3. biodegradable bottles
- 4. biodegradable cups

52. Choose the foreign expression that means 'indefinitely'.

- 1. almaneter
- 2. verbatim
- ③. sine-die
- 4. in toto

53. Choose the correct spelling of the word.

- ①. dissuade
- 2. disuade
- 3. dessuade
- 4. dessied

54. Sarala gets her own way in every issue because of her dominating nature.

Choose the exact meaning of the idiomatic expression, 'gets her own way'

1. the act of hitting the ball into the hole
 2. to persuade other people to allow her to do what she wants
 3. to hurt oneself by trying to do something impossible
 4. making a proud upward movement of the head and body.
55. Choose the correct sentence in which 'after' has been used as a preposition.

1. His father arrived soon after.
2. After a month he will retire.
3. She came after I had slept
4. After he had completed his homework, he went to bed.

56. She was unable to attend the party her marriage engagement.

Choose the compound prepositional phrase that fits the blank.

1. inspite of
2. in addition to
3. due to
4. in case of

57. They are discussing about the matter with their friends.
Choose the part of the sentence that has an error.
1. They are
 - ② discussing about
 3. the matter
 4. with their friends.
58. Choose the sentence with the correct word order.
1. I and he always go to school together.
 2. I and he go to school together always.
 - ③ He and I always go to school together.
 4. He and I go to school always together.
59. Choose the sentence in which 'would' has been used to express willingness.
1. The engine would not start.
 2. He would come here.
 - ③ She said that she would help me.
 4. If she started early, she would catch the bus.
60. May you have a happy and long life!
The above sentence indicates :
1. a fear
 - ② a wish
 3. an improbability
 4. a request

61. He was taught this in his boyhood.

Choose the active form of the above sentence.

1. Somebody taught him that in his boyhood.
- ②. Somebody taught him this in his boyhood.
3. Somebody teaches him this in his boyhood.
4. All of them had taught him this in his boyhood.

62. None of the water was wasted.

Choose the correct question tag for the sentence above.

- ①. was it ?
2. wasn't it ?
3. won't it ?
4. isn't it ?

63. He said to me, "Why did you write to me such an insulting letter ?"

Choose the correct reported speech of the above sentence.

1. He demanded of me why I write such an insulting letter to him.
2. He demanded me why I have written such an insulting letter to him.
- ③. He asked me why I had written such an insulting letter to him.
4. He demanded me why I write such an insulting letter to me.

64. The teacher said, "Mercury is a liquid metal."

The reporting verb in the above sentence is:

1. said
2. mercury
3. is
4. liquid

65. Choose the complex sentence among the following.

1. He worked hard to pass the examination.
2. A man's modesty is in inverse proportion to his ignorance.
3. The fact that he is silent proves his guilt.
4. There is no admission without permission.

66. It seems not only good but also true.

This sentence is a:

1. a compound sentence
2. a complex sentence
3. a simple sentence
4. a compound and complex sentence.

67. Choose the sentence that indicates a request

1. I wonder if you could lend me your watch.
2. If you wonder, lend me your watch.
3. Lend me your watch. It is no wonder.
4. No wonder if I ask you for watch.

68. This house is not big enough for us.

This sentence indicates:

1. wish
2. adequacy
3. insufficiency
4. desire

69. Choose the sentence that has an adjective of quantity.

1. The whole sum was expended.
2. He is an honest man.
3. The lazy boy was punished.
4. He is his own master.

70. Choose the sentence in which the personal pronouns are properly used.

1. I and she have done this work.
2. We, you and they must live together.
3. You, he and I are good friends.
4. I and you do not make noise.

71. I will take you there one day.

Choose the part of speech of the word, 'one'

1. An adjective
2. An adverb
3. A pronoun
4. A noun

72. Choose the correct sentence in which 'a noun clause' has been used as the object of a preposition.

1. My belief is that she is innocent.
2. My teacher laughed at what the boys were doing.
3. I can not tell when she will return.
4. This is where she lived.

73. As soon as I heard the news, I left the place

The above sentence has :

1. an adverbial clause of manner
2. an adverbial clause of purpose
3. an adverbial clause of time
4. an adverbial clause of place.

74. The present perfect tense is used:

1. to show a historical present
2. to describe events that will complete in the future
3. to show that an action is in progress and is incomplete at the moment of speaking or writing.
4. to denote a completed action which is connected through its results with the present moment.

75. If I so busy, I to the station with you.

Choose the correct set of verb forms that fits the blanks respectively.

1. aren't , would go
2. weren't , would go
3. wasn't , will go
4. weren't , will go

76. Choose the linker among the following that indicates result.
1. similarly
 2. still
 3. all the same
 4. consequently
77. Choose the correct sentence with regards to the use of the article 'the'.
1. The gold is a precious metal.
 2. I believe in the wisdom.
 3. I don't know the way to your house.
 4. He is the Shakespeare of the India.
78. To indicate parenthetically some hesitation in making a statement, we use:
1. a semicolon
 2. a full stop
 3. a dash
 4. a colon
79. There are two m's in the word inflammable.
- In the above sentence, the apostrophe is used to indicate:
1. plurals of letters of the alphabet
 2. plurals of numerals
 3. the possessiveness
 4. the missing letters

80. A diary should preferably be written:
1. in the first person plural
 2. in the second person plural
 3. in the third person
 4. in the first person singular.
81. The dramatic high point in a story is called:
1. climax
 2. hook
 3. conflict
 4. challenge
82. In a dictionary, the meaning of the word is called :
1. syllable
 2. definition
 3. annotation
 4. usage
83. Choose the phonetic transcription of the word 'checkmate'.
1. /tekmet/
 2. /fekmet/
 3. /tʃekmɛt/
 4. /tʃkmiɛt/

84. Choose the correct statement regarding to 'diphthongs'.
1. Diphthongs are vowels with glides in them
 2. Diphthongs are pure vowels
 3. Diphthongs never occupy one syllable each
 4. All diphthongs are monophthongs.
85. Choose the word with a silent 'c'.
1. coconut
 2. catch
 3. muscle
 4. music
86. A box of sweets a perfect gift for her.
Choose the grammatically and meaningfully correct verb that fits the blank.
1. are
 2. is
 3. have
 4. were
87. Choose the grammatically correct sentence.
1. Six litres of milk is in the refrigerator.
 2. There is many books on the table.
 3. One of my best friends are coming today.
 4. A man from twin cities are going to play.

88. Pindar's odes were written :
1. to praise and glorify someone
 2. to describe a religious event
 3. to explain the importance of nature
 4. to narrate a war field.
89. 'The Importance of Being Earnest' is an example of:
1. a musical drama
 2. a tragic drama
 3. a Victorian farce
 4. a melodrama
90. Malacanang Palace declared its holiday today.
The above sentence is an example of:
1. a hyperbole
 2. an onomatopoeia
 3. a metonymy
 4. an apostrophe
91. 'Still – Hill'
- The above set of words is an example of:
1. a triple rhyme.
 2. a masculine rhyme.
 3. a feminine rhyme
 4. a double rhyme

92. Choose the literary work which is not an example of an epic.

1. The Iliad
2. The Paradise Lost
3. The Epic of Gilgamesh
4. The Community

93. This house is as tall as a mountain.

The above sentence is an example of:

1. a simile
2. a metaphor
3. a metonymy
4. an irony

94. Choose the point of view of the story 'The Gold Watch'.

1. direct point of view
2. first person point of view
3. second person point of view
4. third person point of view

95. Choose the true statement regarding 'The Thief's Story'.

1. Hari Singh was an upcoming writer.
2. Anil and Hari Singh were village friends.
3. Anil wants his servant to become literate.
4. Anil handed the thief over to the Police.

96. The following is a true statement regarding the story 'The Gold Watch'.
1. Srijut declared a revolt against the company
 2. Srijut challenged Mr. Action
 3. Srijut was forced to retire from his job
 4. Srijut resigned to his job in favour of his son
97. Hari Singh, in 'The Thief's Story', wanted to be literate so that:
1. he could become a more cunning cheat
 2. he could read novels of his favourite authors
 3. he could read the stories written by Anil
 4. he could earn money by doing a job.
98. The number of gashes the murderers put in Banquo's head was:
(Macbeth)
1. two
 2. twenty
 3. one hundred
 4. five
99. According to the fourth Knight, the cause of Beckett's death was:
(Murder in the Cathedral)
1. natural causes
 2. stabbing
 3. suicide
 4. egotism

100. The person who meets up with Macduff and Malcolm while they are in England is : (Macbeth)

1. Ross
2. Lennox
3. Fleance
4. Siward

101. The Priests compare the Knights to: (Murder in the Cathedral)

1. devils
2. ghosts
3. beasts
4. angels

102. For Swami, a holiday means: (Swami and Friends)

1. attending extra classes
2. completing homework
3. studying for examinations
4. playing and roaming with friends

103. Bingley does not visit Jane while she is in London because: (Pride and Prejudice)

1. he does not know that she is there.
2. he thinks that Jane does not like him.
3. Darcy advises him against it.
4. Lady Catherine forbids him from going

104. In 'Swami and Friends' the headmaster teaches the following subject.
1. Tamil language
 2. Environmental Science
 3. Arithmetic
 4. Social Studies
105. After finding out about Lydia's elopement, Elizabeth runs to: (Pride and Prejudice)
1. Darcy
 2. Charlotte Lucas
 3. Mr. Gardiner
 4. Mrs. Gardiner
106. In the essay 'Of Truth', Bacon's overall project is known as:
1. the confederation of dunces
 2. the perfection of humanity
 3. the beginning of progress
 4. the great renewal
107. According to R.W. Emerson, conformity turns one's life into:
1. a lie
 2. a heaven
 3. a jail
 4. an imagination

108. In 'Of Truth' the idols related to language and human interaction are:
1. idols of the theatre
 2. idols of the case
 3. idols of the market place
 4. idols of the tribe
109. To forbid people from shaking hands, A.G. Gardener suggested that:
1. a heavy penalty should be imposed
 2. a financial benefit should be given
 3. people should be put in jail
 4. people should be given counselling
110. Is it the sword? Ask the dust of empires passed away;
'The sword' in the above lines refers to:
1. the power
 2. the ministers
 3. people with honesty
 4. people who stand by truth.
111. Choose the word that does not denote the movement basing on the poem "The Palanquin Bearers."
1. sways
 2. skims
 3. floats
 4. hangs

112. In the poem, 'The Road Not Taken', Robert Frost used the image of two diverging roads to symbolize:
1. strength and weakness
 2. sorrow and regret
 3. life's choice
 4. the love of nature
113. In the poem, 'The Telephone Conversation', the landlady is initially described as being of:
1. good breeding
 2. bad breeding
 3. savage breeding
 4. cultured breeding
114. Choose the sentence that is in positive degree.
1. No other city in India is so big as Mumbai.
 2. Mumbai is bigger than Hyderabad.
 3. No other city is as bigger than Mumbai.
 4. Mumbai is the biggest city in India

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

Many poor farmers had been compelled to take up indigo cultivation when the British settlers were given the right to purchase and cultivate land in India. Many whites, therefore either acquired land or advanced loans to poor farmers and pressured them to forsake the farming of food grains and other cash crops for indigo cultivation. Indigo export to Europe was lucrative for the British settlers who held a monopoly of this business.

115. The poor farmers took up indigo cultivation because:
1. they were given subsidies for this purpose.
 2. it was a money earning crop.
 3. they were forced to do so.
 4. they do not know how to grow other crops.

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

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116. British settlers bought land in order to:
1. cultivate indigo
 2. grow crops for the poor farmers.
 3. own agricultural property
 4. settle down in India

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

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117. Indigo export was profitable for the British settlers because:
1. labour was cheap.
 2. they had no competitors
 3. the land was fertile
 4. they could oppress the farmers.

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

Our world has a heritage of culture and beauty, but unfortunately we have been handing on this heritage only to the less active and important members of each generation. The government of the world, by which I do not mean its ministerial posts but its key positions of power, has been allowed to fall into the hands of men ignorant of the past, without tenderness towards what is traditional, without understanding what they are destroying. To prevent it is an educational problem, and not a very difficult one.

118. 'Our world has a heritage of culture' means:
1. a richness of tradition
 2. an inherited cultural tradition
 3. too many cultures
 4. cultures which are disappeared

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

Our world has a heritage of culture and beauty, but unfortunately we have been handing on this heritage only to the less active and important members of each generation. The government of the world, by which I do not mean its ministerial posts but its key positions of power, has been allowed to fall into the hands of men ignorant of the past, without tenderness towards what is traditional, without understanding what they are destroying. To prevent it is an educational problem, and not a very difficult one.

119. 'The less active and important people' in this passage are:
1. the lazy people
 2. the uncommitted people
 3. the common people
 4. the people who are in power

Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.

Our world has a heritage of culture and beauty, but unfortunately we have been handing on this heritage only to the less active and important members of each generation. The government of the world, by which I do not mean its ministerial posts but its key positions of power, has been allowed to fall into the hands of men ignorant of the past, without tenderness towards what is traditional, without understanding what they are destroying. To prevent it is an educational problem, and not a very difficult one.

120. The passage is about:
1. the rich culture of the world
 2. the strength of the Indian culture
 3. heritage of education
 4. the lack of cultural awareness

METHODOLOGY

121. Language is considered as a 'system of symbols' for communicating ideas. These symbols are
1. sentence structures
 2. morphemes
 3. arbitrary and vocal
 4. phonemes
122. The 'terminal behaviour' where the learner ought to be or 'what he should be able to do' – constitutes the reference point in generating -
1. materials
 2. goals
 3. tests
 4. objectives
123. When your pupils want to pick up the important points and discard irrelevant information, what type of reading would you suggest?
1. Scanning
 2. Intensive reading
 3. Extensive reading
 4. Skimming

124. Who believed that Indian learners needed more of reading skills than oral skills?

1. H.E. Palmer
2. Dr. Michael West
3. C.J. Dodson
4. Robert Lado

125. These are helpful for both teacher and the learner, both aspects of communication, production and reception become vibrant and absorbing when properly used

1. Projects
2. Exercises
3. Teaching-learning materials
4. Assignments

126. Assertion (A) : Grammar is best learnt when it grows from language in use, rather than when it gets taught as a system of rules.

Reason (R) : What must be seen as essential is, adequate provision for a meaningful use of language.

1. Both 'A' and 'R' are true and 'R' is the correct explanation of 'A'.
2. Both 'A' and 'R' are true and 'R' is not the correct explanation of 'A'.
3. 'A' is true but 'R' is false.
4. 'A' is false but 'R' is true.

127. These principles are associated with one of the following :

- adequate preparation
- good review and introduction
- smooth presentations
- rich opportunities for pupil participation
- good summary and closure

1. Syllabus planning
2. Unit planning
3. Project planning
4. Lesson planning

128. Curriculum development can be perceived as

1. design, implementation, evaluation and renewal.
2. direction, administration, transaction and evaluation.
3. design, transaction, production and renewal.
4. foundation, implementation, transaction and evaluation.

129. Use of language through speech or writing, using a variety of sentences, making proper use of phonology, orthography and content comes under the objective -

1. knowledge
2. expression
3. comprehension
4. appreciation

130. What do you call the words which begin with one vowel and end with another?
1. consonant glides
 2. open words
 3. closed words
 4. vowel glides
131. The enhancement of language proficiency of the teacher was mainly asserted by -
1. N. Janardan Reddy Committee
 2. NCFTE 2010
 3. CABE
 4. Secondary Education Commission
132. One of the objectives of teaching English is the receptive ability which requires understanding. What skills are considered receptive?
1. Speaking and Writing
 2. Listening and Speaking
 3. Listening and Reading
 4. Writing and Reading

133. Match part A with part B and identify the correct pair.

Part –A	Part – B
(A) Narrative writing	(a) Writing advertisements and brochures
(B) Persuasive writing	(b) Writing facts and illustrations
(C) Expository writing	(c) Writing about events, people, concepts.
(D) Descriptive writing	(d) Writing fiction

1. A and d
2. B and a
3. A and b
4. D and a

134. ➤ It is not re-teaching
➤ It is highly specific and need based.
➤ It has more practice than theory.
➤ At the end the achievement is expected to be high.
➤ It should not interfere with new teaching.

What are these statements associated with?

1. Reciprocal teaching
2. Reflective teaching
3. Practice teaching
4. Remedial teaching

135. According to V.J. Cook materials produced without the obvious intent of teaching in class are -

1. Source materials
2. Authentic materials
3. Audio materials
4. Visual materials

136. Assertion (A) : Vocabulary can be of two categories: structural words and content words. The former are also called grammar or function words.

Reason (R) : Most of these words are meaning bearing words.

1. Both 'A' and 'R' are true and 'R' is the correct explanation of 'A'.
2. 'A' is true but 'R' is not the correct explanation of 'A'.
3. Both 'A' and 'R' are false.
4. 'A' is false but 'R' is true.

137. In which stage of planning would you use interpretation and appreciation instead of practice and production?

1. Planning prose
2. Planning composition
3. Planning supplementary reader
4. Planning poetry

138. Klein (1985) designed three basic designs for 'curriculum'. One of the following does not belong to the list. Identify it.
1. Subject centred curriculum
 2. Society centred curriculum
 3. Syllabus centred curriculum
 4. Student centred curriculum
139. If there is 'stress' (') mark on the first syllable of the word 'object', what part of speech does it belong to?
1. Verb
 2. Noun
 3. Adverb
 4. Adjective
140. A test designed to measure learner's general abilities in language that they are expected to know at a given level is called -
1. Diagnostic tests
 2. Aptitude tests
 3. Proficiency tests
 4. Placement tests
141. English language contains words from many other languages. What do you call this nature of English language?
1. Fluid and static
 2. Heterogenousness
 3. Creative and productive
 4. Conventional

142. The chief aim of teaching English in schools is to help students acquire simple, natural and live English. This is a _____
1. literary aim
 2. aesthetic aim
 3. knowledge aim
 4. linguistic aim
143. The main goal in teaching the skill of speaking will be 'oral fluency'. What do you understand by it?
1. The ability to express oneself intelligibly, reasonably and accurately.
 2. The ability to speak quickly.
 3. The ability to summarize and generalize.
 4. The ability to use appropriate words in speech.
144. This approach was highly teacher-centered and learner participation was seen in the form of drills and repetitions only. Identify the correct option.
1. Oral approach
 2. Situational approach
 3. Structural approach
 4. Communicative approach
145. Lexicologists call the 'companion words' of a word as,
1. Connotations
 2. Collocates
 3. Denotations
 4. Associations

146. The most important element to be considered while using TLM in the class is
1. beauty
 2. cost
 3. availability
 4. relevance
147. While planning a lesson, at what stage do the learners get exposure to the new language?
1. The motivation stage
 2. The presentation stage
 3. The practice stage
 4. The production stage
148. According to Trivedi, it becomes a potent tool in the hands of the teacher to teach the skills of a language and the more so for a foreign language. Identify that tool.
1. Radio
 2. Activity
 3. Text book
 4. Project
149. When the required activities/tasks by the test are appropriate for the measurement and evaluation, what is this validity called?
1. Operational validity
 2. Content validity
 3. Construct validity
 4. Face validity

150. From the given words, identify the word which is 'voiced'.
1. tea
 2. king
 3. chain
 4. hat
151. "Language learning is essentially a 'habit forming process', a process during which we acquire new habits". Who said so?
1. H.E. Palmer
 2. C.J. Dodson
 3. Robert Lado
 4. Dr. Michael West
152. A teacher can be more successful in achieving the objectives of teaching, only when -
1. she is a good communicator
 2. she follows the objectives strictly
 3. she matches the needs and aspirations of the learners with the objectives
 4. she checks at every stage whether objectives are realized or not.

153. Assertion (A) : Incidental learning of vocabulary in English language is not possible as in regional language.

Reason (R) : The type of atmosphere and exposure may not be available to foreign language learners.

Which of the following is true?

1. A is true and R is false.
2. R is false and A is false.
3. A is false and R is true.
4. A and R are true.

154. Which method believes that 'exposure to natural language using everyday vocabulary and grammar is the best way' to learn languages?

1. New method
2. Bilingual method
3. Direct method
4. Translation method

155. These are the regular group of words used on certain occasions and is one of the types of structures. What is it?

1. Idioms
2. Formulas
3. Phrase structures
4. Sentence structures

- 156.
- Grammaticality
 - Appropriateness
 - Rephrasing
 - Handling
 - Appreciating

Which skill of micro teaching do the above said components talk about?

1. Explaining
2. Illustrating
3. Stimulus variation
4. Questioning

157. We need to slice the large chunk of learning into convenient smaller bits to facilitate both teaching as well as learning process. What do these small bits refer to?

1. Lesson plans
2. Syllabus
3. Units
4. Activities

158. It is a process of quantifying the characteristics of persons according to explicit procedures and rules. What is it?

1. Test
2. Measurement
3. Assessment
4. Evaluation

159. Out of 44 distinct phonemes, how many are monothongs?

1. 10
2. 20
3. 8
4. 12

160. Match the following and identify the correct pair.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| A. Morphology | (a) sound system |
| B. Syntax | (b) study of meaning |
| C. Semantics | (c) structure of language |
| D. Phonology | (d) word order |

1. A - a
2. D - c
3. C - d
4. B - d